SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL

LONDON: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30th, 1933

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Association Notices

A TODMORDEN DIVISION

The Council of the Association hereby forms a Todmorden Division of the Yorkshire Branch, of area coterminous with the combined areas of the Todmorden Urban and Rural Districts, the areas of the Halifax and Rochdale Divisions and Lancashire and Cheshire and Yorkshire Branches being modified accordingly, the new Division to come into existence on January 1st, 1934.

G. C. ANDERSON,
Medical Secretary.

December 30th, 1933.

BRANCH AND DIVISION MEETINGS TO BE HELD

BORDER COUNTIES BRANCH.—At George Hotel, Penrith, Thursday, January 18th, 1934, 3 p.m. B.M.A. Lecture by Dr. John Freeman: "The Mechanism of the Toxic Idiopathies (Asthma and the Allied Diseases)." Members of other Branches and Divisions invited.

DERBYSHIRE BRANCH: CHESTERFIELD DIVISION.—At Maternity Home, Chesterfield, Friday, January 5th, 1934, 8.30 p.m. Mr. H. B. Yates (Sheffield): "The Septic Hand."

HERTFORDSHIRE BRANCH: EAST HERTFORDSHIRE DIVISION.—At Dimsdale Hotel, Hertford, Thursday, January 4th, 1934, 8 p.m. Dr. G. C. Anderson (Medical Secretary): "The B.M.A. and the Private Practitioner."

KENT BRANCH: BROMLEY DIVISION.—Joint meeting with Beckenham and Bromley Medical Societies, Railway Hotel, Beckenham, Wednesday, January 3rd, 1934, 8.45 p.m. Dr. Leonard Williams: "The Sickness that Destroyeth in the Noonday." Preceded by supper at 7.45 p.m.

LINCOLNSHIRE BRANCH: SCUNTHORPE DIVISION.—At Crosby Hotel, Scunthorpe, Thursday, January 4th, 1934, 8.30 p.m. Dr. H. Miller (Doncaster): "Radiology."

MALAYA BRANCH.—At Kuala Lumpur, Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, January 26th, 27th, and 28th, 1934. Annual meeting.

NORFOLK BRANCH: WEST NORFOLK DIVISION.—At West Norfolk and King's Lynn Hospital, Thursday, January 4th, 1934, 3 p.m. Discussion with county medical officer of health: The provision of ante-natal services by the county council. Meeting open to all medical practitioners in West Norfolk area.

STAFFORDSHIRE BRANCH: WALSALL AND LICHFIELD DIVISION. At Stork Hotel, Walsall, Thursday, January 4th, 1934, 8.30 p.m. Discussion, to be introduced by Dr. J. B. Garman, on certain developments in modern practice; Dr. S. H. Hawley, Certain aspects of insurance practice; Dr. W. B. McCall, Public Medical Services.

Meetings of Branches and Divisions

BERKS, BUCKS, AND OXFORD BRANCH: OXFORD DIVISION

The annual meeting of the Oxford Division was held at Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, on November 22nd, when the following officers were elected for 1934:

Chairman, Dr. H. D. Woodroffe. *Vice-Chairman,* Dr. A. G. Gibson. *Representatives in Representative Body,* Dr. H. D. Woodroffe and Dr. H. N. Bradbrooke. *Deputy Representatives in Representative Body,* Dr. William Stobie and Dr. H. M. S. Turner. *Honorary Secretary and Treasurer,* Dr. I. P. W. Skinner.

The retiring chairman, Dr. A. G. GIBSON, read an extremely interesting and instructive paper on "Some Points in the Prognosis and Treatment of Cardiac Disease."

DERBYSHIRE BRANCH: BUXTON DIVISION

A meeting of the Buxton Division was held at Buxton on November 28th, when ten members were present.

The representative was instructed to support the candidature of Dr. H. Guy Dain for the vacancy on the General Medical Council occasioned by the death of Dr. Christine Murrell.

Dr. R. T. WORTHINGTON gave an address on certificates and certification, which was followed by an interesting and instructive discussion on national health insurance practice. On the motion of Dr. J. A. HENDRY the thanks of the meeting were conveyed to Dr. Worthington.

The SECRETARY presented a scheme for the treatment of eye injuries, submitted for comment by the Lime Group of the Imperial Chemical Industries. It was decided that the scheme, as amended by Dr. L. C. Hill and Dr. J. A. Hendry, be approved. The secretary was instructed to draft an amended scheme in collaboration with the Imperial Chemical Industries' medical officers.

DORSET AND WEST HANTS BRANCH: BOURNEMOUTH DIVISION

The annual dinner of the Bournemouth Division was held at the Royal Bath Hotel on November 22nd.

Dr. D. D. MALPAS was in the chair. Among those present were the Mayor and Mayoress of Bournemouth. Approximately 120 people sat down to dinner.

Dr. D. D. Malpas said they regretted they had not with them that evening a friend whom they all held in great affection, Mr. Winson Ramsay. They were glad to know that he had had the honour conferred upon him of being elected President of the Association for next year, and they wished him a speedy recovery so that he might be able to carry out his duties. Referring to the 1934 meeting, Dr. Malpas said he was sure they would all work to secure that this was a tremendous success, and they were very grateful to the Mayor for what he was doing, and for the great help which the borough had promised. In response to Dr. Malpas's toast, "The County Borough," the Mayor, Alderman J. R. EDGECOMBE, said they were all looking forward to the meeting of the British Medical Association in July, which would be one of the biggest events ever held in Bournemouth, and they were going to do their best to make it a success.

The toast of "The British Medical Association" was proposed by Mr. A. S. HILLYARD. By the sincerity of its welcome, he said, Bournemouth would show its very real appreciation of the great human work which the Association was doing. Dr. E. K. LE FLEMING, in responding to the toast, said that the Dublin meeting had set a high standard; he did not doubt, however, but that Bournemouth would rise to the occasion, and the meeting would not fall short of that standard. He had two misgivings: first, that perhaps their preparations were not sufficiently advanced; and secondly, he was not quite happy that at the moment they had sufficient accommodation in Bournemouth for the large gathering that might reasonably be expected. He did not think they could expect fewer than 3,000 at some of the gatherings. The problem of the accommodation of this number, however, was one which they would successfully overcome. Referring to general medical matters, Dr. Le Fleming said the Association was dealing with a number of problems which now beset the profession. At present their thoughts were chiefly occupied with the problems which had arisen in connexion with the extension of contributory schemes to hospitals, and in the public medical services throughout the country. Then an important committee was making recommendations on the improvement of the medical curriculum, while a committee on the modern treatment of fractures had recently been set up, the report of which would be of great interest to every practitioner in the country. He drew attention to the *Supplement* to the *British Medical Journal* for November 25th, in which was the report of the Nutrition Committee—a report, he said, which was likely to arouse considerable interest throughout the country.

Dr. H. SIMMONS proposed the toast of "The Guests," and Alderman C. H. CARTWRIGHT, responding, said that the gist of the speeches that evening had dwelt more or less on the coming conference in July. He did not think that the Mayor, in his modesty, had sufficiently emphasized the fact that the members of the corporation intended to make this gathering the success it ought to be. As chairman of the Finance Committee he would be in close co-operation with the Mayor in order to make the gathering one of the greatest successes Bournemouth had ever known. Alderman Cartwright said that Dr. Carter, the honorary secretary, was an enthusiast concerning the meeting, and with close co-operation they need have no fear that it would be other than highly successful and a red-letter day in Bournemouth's history.

A toast to Dr. O. C. Carter, the honorary secretary, was received with great cordiality, and after he had replied the company dispersed to bridge or to dancing in the King's Hall.

EAST YORKSHIRE BRANCH

The annual dinner of the East Yorkshire Branch was held at Hull on December 1st, when sixty-six members and guests were present.

Dr. I. G. INNES proposed the toast of "The British Medical Association," coupling with it the name of the president of the Branch, Mr. R. B. Blair. He pointed out the benefits that the Association had secured for the profession, members and non-members, in the past, and regretted that there should be any practitioners who did not sufficiently appreciate the advantages to be gained from membership, or that it was their duty to become members.

Mr. R. B. BLAIR, in reply, referred to the excellent position which the Branch held in this respect; a large proportion of the practitioners in the locality were members of the Association. The Association, he said, was never content to remain stationary, and at the present time it was more active than formerly in its endeavours to obtain satisfactory terms of service for medical practitioners doing public assistance work and for those engaged in juvenile contract practice. Honorary staffs of hospitals were frequently told by patients that they had no family doctor. The British Medical Association wished to remedy this by providing medical services at a cost within the means of all such patients, and it was now engaged in formulating a scheme for the whole country whereby patients of a definite financial status could obtain private consultant services at reduced fees.

Dr. MURRAY proposed the toast of "Our Honoured Guest," Professor Francis Fraser. He recalled that Professor Fraser was the son of Sir Thomas Fraser, a loved and respected teacher. In reply, Professor FRASER said he considered it a mixed blessing in his native city to be regarded as the son of a brilliant father, and so he had left. He had had an opportunity of observing the trend of medical practice in all quarters of the globe. Specialization in America had been so much overdone that there was now a scarcity of general practitioners. Britain was more cautious, and while experts were very necessary it was the province of the general practitioner to do a vast amount of important work, to which the specialist might need only to add one top brick to complete the structure. Research in America was well endowed and strongly encouraged, and to American research the world of medicine owed practically all the discoveries and advances of recent years. As a member of the Pharmacopoeia Commission he had found that our knowledge of therapeutics had hardly advanced since the time of Hippocrates, and that except for a few specific serums, vaccines, glandular extracts, and a very few chemotherapeutic agents, our treatment was still rest for the body as a whole and rest for individual organs, in order to assist the patient to get well of himself.

Dr. JOHN DIVINE, in an amusing speech, proposed the toast of "The Visitors," and Mr. CLIVE SALTER and Mr. L. FOSTER, president of the East Yorkshire section of the British Dental Association, replied.

ESSEX BRANCH: NORTH-EAST ESSEX DIVISION

The North-East Essex Division held a dinner at the Red Lion Hotel, Colchester, on November 30th.

The dinner was followed by a discussion on contraceptives, when Mrs. JANET CHANCE discussed the ethics of the subject and Dr. C. P. BLACKER the medical aspects of different methods.

HERTFORDSHIRE BRANCH: ST. ALBANS DIVISION

A meeting of the St. Albans Division was held on November 8th, when the following officers were elected for the year 1933–4:

Chairman, Dr. H. B. Dykes. *Vice-Chairman*, Dr. J. Rammell, *M.C. Honorary Secretary and Treasurer*, Dr. W. A. Fraser. *Charities Secretary*, Dr. R. E. Wilson. *Representative in Representative Body*, Dr. T. F. Crowley.

Dr. J. RAMMELL opened a discussion on some practical points in obstetrics, and dealt mainly with the uses and methods of induction of abortion or premature labour, the blood pressure in association with eclampsia, etc.

In the subsequent discussion some interesting points were raised on the legal aspect of induction of labour.

KENT BRANCH: ISLE OF THANET DIVISION

The annual golf competition of the Isle of Thanet Division was held at St. Augustine's Golf Club on October 29th, when twenty-one members took part. The winner was Dr. A. Duffy with a score of 82 − 15 = 67, and the runner-up Dr. E. B. Mercer, 83 − 16 = 67 (the tie was decided on the first nine holes), whilst Dr. J. A. Pringle was third with 75 − 7 = 68.

LANCASHIRE AND CHESHIRE BRANCH: ROCHDALE DIVISION

A meeting of the Rochdale Division was held at Rochdale Infirmary on December 1st, when Mr. J. C. JEFFERSON was in the chair.

The representative was instructed to support the candidature of Dr. J. S. Manson for the vacancy on the General Medical Council occasioned by the death of Dr. Christine Murrell.

Dr. R. ELLIS (Manchester) gave a lecture, illustrated by a number of excellent *x*-ray films, on cancer of the lung. He gave an interesting survey of present-day knowledge, from which it appeared that the incidence of the disease, whether compared with that of general disease or of recorded cases of cancer of all kinds, was increasing. He said that the Manchester district had a larger proportion of cases than most other areas, and the factors suggested as responsible for the production of the lesion were irritating gases, tobacco, and influenza. Men were more affected than women in the proportion of five to one, and the commonest age of onset was 40 to 50. The large-celled squamous epithelial and the small-celled (oat cell) were the chief types of the disease. It might attack the bronchial lining, when a bronchoscopy might reveal the lesion. In other cases it might spread from the hilum or from the lymphatics. When the patient sought advice the disease was usually well advanced, and the average duration of life after diagnosis was two or three months. Symptoms were perhaps ill defined at present, but persistent cough in a middle-aged person, with no previous history and with dyspnoea out of proportion to physical signs after the exclusion of tubercle, should be viewed with suspicion. As a rule pain was not a prominent symptom until a very late stage. Sputum might be scanty until necrosis of the lung occurred, when possibly cancer cells might be expectorated. Haemoptysis and effusion, the latter frequently blood-stained, were usual symptoms. If *x*-ray diagnosis was desired effusion should be drawn off and, if possible, replaced by air before radiography. Cyanosis, clubbed fingers, diminished movement of the affected part of the chest, with

loss of signs of air entry and displacement of the heart to the affected side owing to the collapse of lung tissue were frequently found. X-ray examination, lipiodol, and bronchoscopy were useful in diagnosis in various types. Treatment was at present largely palliative, but local growths in bronchi had been removed by bronchoscopy. The affected lung had also been removed. Radium, so far, had not been found effective. Deep x-ray therapy and artificial pneumothorax had been useful in palliative treatment. Morphine was necessary in many late cases, and cocaine injections, either alone or with morphine, had been found of value in allaying the feeling of asphyxiation so common in advanced cases. Oxygen and blood-letting had also been tried; injections of hormone substances had not proved helpful in his experience.

The address, which was followed by a discussion in which Drs. JEFFERSON, MACKICHAN, MCMASTER, OLIVER, and KILROE took part, was greatly appreciated.

WILTSHIRE BRANCH: SWINDON DIVISION

A meeting of the Swindon Division, to which all members of the Branch had been invited, was held at Swindon on November 29th.

Dr. R. G. CANTI gave a short talk on tissue culture, and demonstrated his cinematograph film, which aroused the keenest interest. This showed perfectly the processes of cell division and of phagocytosis, and the early development of the chick embryo up to the appearance of the primitive heart. The meeting was most impressed, however, by the record of the behaviour of an isolated piece of cartilage from the limb bud of an embryo chick, which developed into the characteristic femur of the bird. This process was governed by some extrinsic quality in the cells, because the tissue developed quite independently, the normal blood supply and nerve connexions being severed. Lastly, the effects of radiation upon growing tissue cells was shown.

The Division expressed its indebtedness to Dr. Canti and to the Association for making it possible for members to see this remarkable film.

National Health Insurance

DEPUTATION FROM TRADES UNION COUNCIL

Sir Hilton Young, the Minister of Health, received a deputation on December 19th from the Trades Union Congress General Council. The object of the deputation was to bring to the Minister's notice a resolution passed at the meeting of the T.U.C. held in Brighton in September, 1933, on the subject of the National Health Insurance and Contributory Pensions Act of 1932. The resolution condemned the provisions of the Act relating to women's benefits, the prolongation of insurance, and arrears.

The speakers on behalf of the Council asserted that the unemployed were entitled to look to the State to help them in respect of arrears accruing through involuntary unemployment. The additional benefit for the payment of arrears adopted by some approved societies only partially met the case. The speakers also contended that the reduction of women's benefits was wrong, as women should not be attacked as a class. The deputation pressed that the Exchequer should be asked to restore the two and three-quarter million pounds per annum withheld from the National Health Insurance fund under the 1926 Act, and that this money should be specially earmarked to rectify the effects of the 1932 Act.

The Minister said, in reply, that the effect of the Act of 1932 had been to continue in insurance large numbers of persons who would otherwise have fallen out of insurance, but to continue prolongation indefinitely would be to destroy the principle on which the scheme was based. The provisions of the Act relating to women's insurance and arrears were essential if the solvency of the scheme was to be secured and the interests of insured persons protected. Since the meeting of the T.U.C. in September, many approved societies had adopted an additional benefit for the purpose of enabling their members who were unemployed to pay up arrears, and now more than one-half of the insured male population was protected under this benefit. In addition, the period of grace for the payment of arrears had been extended. With regard to the Economy Act of 1926, sums far exceeding the money withheld under that Act had since been contributed by the Exchequer to health and pensions insurance.

Correspondence

MEDICAL REFUGEES IN BRITAIN

SIR,—Dr. Dudley P. Gurd (*Supplement*, December 16th, p. 311) appears to be alarmed "at the inundation of our country with foreign practitioners and students." May I refer him to the *Medical World* of December 1st, where it is definitely stated that the general practitioner can regard the situation as affecting himself with equanimity, because the stories of the "inundation" are grossly exaggerated. Dr. Gurd is only admitting an inferiority complex by suggesting that "colour or a foreign accent" appeal to a certain class of patient. He should be consistent by discarding all "foreign" drugs, instruments, and medical knowledge. Does he not realize that medicine *is* international?—I am, etc.,

London, S.W.11, Dec. 18th. J. L. BLONSTEIN, M.R.C.S.

BOOKS ADDED TO THE LIBRARY

The following books were added to the Library of the British Medical Association during November, 1933:

Abraham, J.: Lettsom. 1933.
Adams, L. A.: Introduction to the Vertebrates. 1933.
Austin, R. G.: Aids to Qualitative Inorganic Analysis. 1933.
Balyeat, R. M.: Egg, Wheat or Milk Free Diets. 1933.
Barton-Wright, E. C.: Recent Advances in Plant Physiology. Second edition. 1933.
Broster, L. R., and Vines, H. W. C.: Adrenal Cortex. 1933.
Bruce and Dilling: Materia Medica and Therapeutics. 1933.
Cameron, A. J. D.: Some Thoughts on Asthma. 1933.
Cameron, A. T.: Recent Advances in Endocrinology. 1933.
Cannon, A.: Hypnotism, Suggestion, and Faith Healing. 1932.
Chapin, H. D., and Royster, L. T.: Pediatrics. Seventh edition. 1933.
Clay, R. S., and Court, T. H.: History of the Microscope. 1932.
Collum: The Music of Growth. 1933.
Courmont, P., and Rochaix, A.: Précis d'Hygiène. Fourth edition. 1932.
DeLee, J. B.: Obstetrics for Nurses. Tenth edition. 1933.
Devine, H.: Recent Advances in Psychiatry. Second edition. 1933.
Drewitt, F. D.: Life of Edward Jenner. Second edition. 1933.
Dubuisson, M.: L'État Actuel de nos Connaissances sur la Physiologie du Muscle Cardiaque des Invertébrés. 1933.
Duhem, P.: La Diathermie et ses Applications Médicales. Second edition. 1933.
Edridge-Green, F. W.: Science and Pseudo-Science. 1933.
Engelbach, W.: Endocrine Medicine. Three volumes and index. 1932.
Gerstenberg, E. G., Gaylor, J. B., and Gunn, W. C.: Ambulance Hand-Book. 1933.
Ghosh, R.: Materia Medica and Therapeutics. Thirteenth edition. 1933.
Greenwood, W. O.: Handbook of Midwifery for C.M.B. Students. 1933.
Haler, D. H.: Aids to Pathological Technique. 1933.
Halliburton, W. D., and McDowall, R. J. S.: Handbook of Physiology. Thirty-third edition. 1933.
Hammond, J. L., and Hammond, B.: James Stansfeld. 1932.
Hitchcock, D. I.: Physical Chemistry for Students of Biology and Medicine. 1932.
Hohmann, G., and Stumpf, L.: Orthopädische Gymnastik. 1933.
Hoskins, R. G.: Tides of Life. 1933.
Hoyer, N.: Man into Woman. 1933.
Ischlonsdky, N. E.: Secrétion Interne et Régénérescence. 1933.
Kanavel, A. B.: Infections of the Hand. Sixth edition. 1934.
Kelser, R. A.: Manual of Veterinary Bacteriology. Second edition. 1933.
Lachmann, S.: Grundzüge der Kurortwissenschaft. 1933.
Laquerrière, A., and Léonard, D.: Les Courants de Haute Fréquence en Gynécologie. 1932.
Laroche, G.: Opothérapie Endocrinienne. Second edition. 1933.
Laurens, H.: Physiological Effects of Radiant Energy. 1933.
Leighton, G.: Pocket Handbook of Meat Inspection. Second edition. 1933.
McBride, P.: Doctors and Patients. 1933.
Macey, A.: Your Hidden Powers. 1933.
Macey, A.: Hypnotism Explained. 1933.
Mennell, J. B.: Physical Treatment by Movement, Manipulation, and Massage. Third edition. 1934.
Merry, R. V.: Education of Visually Handicapped Children. 1933.
Metcalf, Z. P.: Introduction to Zoology. 1932.
Monrad-Krohn, G. H.: Clinical Examination of the Nervous System. Sixth edition. 1933.
Oldham, F.: Thomas Young, F.R.S., Philosopher and Physician. 1933.
Parmelee, M.: Nudism in Modern Life. 1933.
Parsons, T. R.: Fundamentals of Biochemistry. Fourth edition. 1933.
Penrose, L. S.: Mental Defect. 1933.
Piersol, G. M. (Editor): Cyclopaedia of Medicine, vols. i to vii (Ab–Lac). 1931–3.

Prausnitz, C.: Teaching of Preventive Medicine in Europe. 1933.
Price, F. W. (Editor): Text-book of the Practice of Medicine. Fourth edition. 1933.
Rabinowitch, I. M.: Diabetes Mellitus. 1933.
Read, G. D.: Natural Childbirth. 1933.
Regenbogen, J. H.: Le Rôle Biologique de la Catalase dans le Métabolisme d'Énergie. 1932.
Rivoire, R.: Les Acquisitions Nouvelles de l'Endocrinologie. 1932.
Rogers, J. S.: Physics for Medical Students. 1933.
Rothrock, J. L.: Ten Years of Obstetrics and Gynaecology in Private Practice. 1933.
Rowe, A. W.: Differential Diagnosis of Endocrine Disorders. 1933.
Schliephake, E.: Kurzwellentherapie. 1932.
Schulz, H. (Translator): Der Abtissin Hildegard von Bingen; Ursachen und Behandlung der Krankheiten. 1933.
Sharp, B. B.: Neurological Effects of Syphilis. 1933.
Thom, D. A.: Normal Youth and its Everyday Problems. 1932.
Thomas, E. W. C.: Synopsis of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology. 1933.
Turner, A. L. (Editor): History of the University of Edinburgh, 1883–1933. 1933.
Weber, F. P.: Gedanken eines Ärztes über Seele, Natur und Gott. 1933.
Wilson, D. W.: Laboratory Manual of Physiological Chemistry. 1932.

Naval and Military Appointments

ROYAL NAVAL MEDICAL SERVICE

Surgeon Commander A. H. Joy to the *Victory*, for Royal Naval Barracks.

Surgeon Lieutenant Commander C. R. Boland to the *Hood*.

Surgeon Lieutenant J. J. Benson to the *Ark Royal*.

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Captains (temporary commissions) C. M. Row and J. H. Robinson to be Majors.

ROYAL AIR FORCE MEDICAL SERVICE

Flight Lieutenant P. J. McNally to Central Medical Establishment.

Flying Officers J. S. Carslaw to Aircraft Depot, Karachi, India; R. E. W. Fisher to No. 2 (Indian Wing) Station, Risalpur; T. C. Macdonald to R.A.F. General Hospital, Hinaidi, Iraq.

REGULAR ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Major W. T. Hare resigns his commission, and retains the rank of Major.

VACANCIES

ALL SAINTS' HOSPITAL FOR GENITO-URINARY DISEASES, Austral Street, S.E.—Hon. Anaesthetist.

BARROW-IN-FURNESS: NORTH LONSDALE HOSPITAL.—R.C.O. (male).

BELGRAVE HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN, Clapham Road, S.W.—H.P. (male).

BRISTOL EYE HOSPITAL.—Assistant R.H.S.

BRISTOL ROYAL INFIRMARY.—(1) Three H.P. (2) Four H.S. (3) H.S. to Ear, Nose, and Throat Department. (4) H.S. to Gynaecological and Skin Departments. (5) Obstetric H.S. (6) Casualty H.S. (7) H.S. to Ophthalmic Department and to Junior Assistant S.

CITY OF LONDON HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE HEART AND LUNGS, Victoria Park, E.—Anaesthetist.

DEVON COUNTY COUNCIL.—Deputy County M.O. (male).

EAST SUSSEX COUNTY MENTAL HOSPITAL, Hellingly.—Senior A.M.O. and Deputy Medical Superintendent (male).

GUILDFORD: ROYAL SURREY COUNTY HOSPITAL.—H.S. (male).

HARROGATE ROYAL BATH HOSPITAL.—R.M.O (male).

HEREFORDSHIRE GENERAL HOSPITAL.—H.S. and C.O. (male).

HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, Brompton, S.W.—Three H.P.

HOSPITAL OF ST. JOHN AND ST. ELIZABETH, Grove End Road, N.W.—R.H.P. (male).

HUDDERSFIELD ROYAL INFIRMARY.—(1) H.S. (female). (2) H.S. (male).

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.—Two whole-time A.M.O's.

LONDON HOSPITAL, E.—Two Surgical First Assistants and Registrars.

MANCHESTER: CHRISTIE HOSPITAL AND HOLT RADIUM INSTITUTE.—(1) R.M.O. for Radium Therapy Department. (2) Resident Radiological Assistant (male) in X-ray Department.

METROPOLITAN HOSPITAL, Kingsland Road, E.—C.O. (male).

MIDDLESBROUGH: NORTH RIDING INFIRMARY.—(1) Senior H.S. (2) Third H.S. Males, unmarried.

OLDHAM COUNTY BOROUGH.—R.A.M.O. (unmarried) at Boundary Park Municipal Hospital.

NATIONAL TEMPERANCE HOSPITAL, Hampstead Road, N.W.—(1) Hon. Assistant P. (2) Hon. Assistant Aural S.

NORWICH: JENNY LIND HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN.—R.M.O.

NOTTINGHAM CITY—R.A.M.O. (male, unmarried) at City Infirmary.

QUEEN'S HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN, Hackney Road, E.—P. in charge of Skin Department.

SHEFFIELD: CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL.—(1) R.M.O. (2) H.P. Males, unmarried.

SHEFFIELD: JESSOP HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN.—H.S. (male).

SHEFFIELD: ROYAL INFIRMARY.—Clinical Assistant (male) to Aural Department.

STOKE NEWINGTON DISPENSARY.—R.M.O.

STOKE-ON-TRENT: BURSLEM, HAYWOOD AND TUNSTALL WAR MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.—J.R.M.O.

STOKE-ON-TRENT: NORTH STAFFORDSHIRE ROYAL INFIRMARY.—Orthopaedic H.S.

WALTHAMSTOW: CONNAUGHT HOSPITAL.—Senior H.P. (male).

WANDSWORTH BOROUGH COUNCIL.—Assistant M.O.H. and M.O. of Maternity Home (unmarried).

WEST LONDON HOSPITAL, Hammersmith Road, W.—Resident Anaesthetist (male).

WREXHAM AND EAST DENBIGHSHIRE WAR MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.—R.H.S.

YORK: THE RETREAT.—Senior A.M.O. (male).

CERTIFYING FACTORY SURGEONS.—The following vacant appointments are announced: (1) Tayport (Fife); (2) Thame (Oxford); (3) Helmsley (York, North Riding). Applications to the Chief Inspector of Factories, Home Office, Whitehall, S.W.1, for (1) by January 9th, and for (2) and (3) by January 16th, 1934.

This list is compiled from our advertisement columns, where full particulars are given. To ensure notice in this column advertisements must be received not later than the first post on Tuesday morning. Further unclassified vacancies will be found in the advertising pages.

APPOINTMENTS

CERTIFYING FACTORY SURGEONS.—C. M. Elliott, L.M.L.S.Dublin, for the Ulceby District (Lincoln); W. D. Hoskins, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., for the Eye District (Suffolk); W. Mayne, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., for the Hornsea District (York, East Riding).

DIARY OF SOCIETIES AND LECTURES

WEST LONDON MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY.—At Hotel Rembrandt, Fri., 8.30 p.m. Discussion: Swelling of the Legs. To be opened by Dr. W. R. Thrower and Dr. A. P. Beddard. Preceded by Dinner at 7.30 p.m.

POST-GRADUATE COURSES AND LECTURES

CENTRAL LONDON THROAT, NOSE AND EAR HOSPITAL, Gray's Inn Road, W.C.—*Fri.*, 4 p.m., Mr. Archer Ryland, Demonstration of Museum Specimens.

LONDON SCHOOL OF DERMATOLOGY, St. John's Hospital, 49, Leicester Square, W.C.—*Tues.*, 5 p.m., Dr. H. D. Haldin-Davis, Acne Rosacea. *Thurs.*, 5 p.m., Dr. J. M. H. Macleod, Ringworm Infections.

ROYAL CHEST HOSPITAL, City Road, E.C.—*Wed.*, 3.15 p.m., Dr. James Maxwell, Bronchiectasis.

ROYAL NORTHERN HOSPITAL, Holloway Road, N.—*Thurs.*, 3.15 p.m., Dr. P. O. Ellison and Dr. Sholto Mackenzie, Pathological Investigations.

British Medical Association

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Diary of Central Meetings

JANUARY

2	Tues.	Grants Subcommittee, 11 a.m.
		Organization Committee, 2 p.m.
3	Wed.	Medico-Political Committee, 2 p.m.
9	Tues.	Indian Medical Services Committee, 11 a.m.
11	Thurs.	Insurance Acts Committee, 11.30 a.m.
16	Tues.	Standing Ethical Subcommittee, 2.15 p.m.
23	Tues.	Central Ethical Committee, 2 p.m.
24	Wed.	**Council**, 10 a.m.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS

The charge for inserting announcements of Births, Marriages, and Deaths is 9s., which sum should be forwarded with the notice not later than the first post on Tuesday morning, in order to ensure insertion in the current issue.

BIRTH

CLARKE.—At Saltash, Cornwall, on November 23rd, 1933, to Margaret, wife of Dr. J. H. Kempe Clarke, a daughter.

DEATH

BOURNE.—On December 18th, 1933, at Redhill, Surrey, Henry James Frederick Bourne, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.F.P.S.G., aged 65.

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